

IN THE CLAIMS:

1. (Currently Amended) An information disk recording/reproducing device, in which recording or reproduction can be performed on an information disk having an information recording track formed like a spiral or a concentric circle, comprising:
 - a disk rotating unit for rotating ~~the~~ an information disk;
 - a rotational position information output unit for outputting rotational position information ~~for the information disk of~~ based on information indicating a rotation angle of the disk rotating unit ~~in each area provided by~~ by dividing one rotation into m angular divisions (m is a natural number equal to or larger than 2);
 - a reading unit for reading an information signal from ~~the~~ an information disk;
 - a radius direction driving unit for driving the reading unit in a radius direction of ~~the~~ an information disk;
 - a track cross detecting unit for detecting a crossing of a track cross caused by crossing and generating a track cross signal based on a reproduction signal when the reading unit traverses an ~~is traversed on~~ the information recording track by the driving of the radius direction driving unit;
 - a track cross direction detecting unit for detecting a direction of a ~~the~~ track crossing caused by a ~~the~~ crossing based on the reproduction signal when the reading unit traverses an ~~is traversed on~~ the information recording track by the driving of the radius direction driving unit;

a counting unit for counting pulses of a track cross signal from the track cross detecting unit, with a code indicating a track cross direction from the track cross direction detecting unit, based on an output from the rotational position information output unit ~~in each of the areas divided into m~~; and

a control unit which rotates the disk rotating unit at a first speed, obtains a first counted value of the counting unit while not operating ~~making~~ the radius direction driving unit ~~nonoperational~~, rotates the disk rotating unit at one or more ~~kinds of rotational speeds of second, third, ...~~ rotational speeds higher than ~~a~~ the first rotational speed, obtains ~~a~~ second, ~~third, ...~~ counted value values of ~~from~~ the counting unit while not operating ~~making~~ the radius direction driving unit ~~nonoperational~~, and compares ~~a difference between the first counted value and the second, third, ... counted values~~ with a predetermined threshold value ~~so as to determine a maximum rotational speed of the information disk while using, as a vibration detection value, a value proportionate to as a function of a sum of absolute values of a difference between the first counted value and the second counted value values obtained in the areas divided into m.~~

2. (Currently Amended) An information disk recording/reproducing device, in which recording or reproduction can be performed on an information disk having an information recording track formed like a spiral or a concentric circle, comprising:

a disk rotating unit for rotating ~~the~~ an information disk;

a rotational position information output unit for outputting rotational position information ~~for the information disk of~~ based on information indicating a rotation angle of the disk rotating unit ~~in each area provided~~ by dividing one rotation into n angular divisions (n is a natural number equal to or larger than 2);

a rotational position information dividing unit which further divides each of the n angular divisions into k subdivisions (k is a natural number equal to or larger than 1) the area having been provided by dividing one rotation into n for the rotational position information from the rotational position information output unit and outputs the rotational position information in each of $m = n \cdot k$ areas;

a reading unit for reading an information signal from ~~the~~ an information disk;

a radius direction driving unit for driving the reading unit in the radius direction of ~~the~~ an information disk;

a track cross detecting unit for detecting crossing of a track ~~cross caused by~~ crossing and generating a track cross signal based on a reproduction signal when the reading unit traverses ~~an~~ is traversed on the information recording track by the driving of the radius direction driving unit;

a track cross direction detecting unit for detecting a direction of a ~~the~~ track cross caused by a ~~the~~ crossing based on the reproduction signal when the reading unit traverses ~~an~~ is traversed on the information recording track by the driving of the radius direction driving unit;

a counting unit for counting pulses of a track cross signal from the track cross detecting

unit, with a code indicating a track cross direction from the track cross direction detecting unit, based on an output from the rotational position information dividing unit ~~in each of the areas divided into m~~; and

a control unit which rotates the disk rotating unit at a first speed, obtains a first counted value of the counting unit while not operating ~~making~~ the radius direction driving unit ~~nonoperational~~, rotates the disk rotating unit at one or more ~~kinds of rotational speeds of second, third, ...~~ rotational speeds higher than ~~a the~~ first rotational speed, obtains ~~a~~ second, ~~third, ...~~ counted value values of ~~from~~ the counting unit while not operating ~~making~~ the radius direction driving unit ~~nonoperational~~, and compares ~~a difference between the first counted value and the second, third, ... counted values~~ with a predetermined threshold value ~~so as to determine a maximum rotational speed of the information disk while using~~ as a vibration detection value, a value proportionate to as a function of a sum of absolute values of a difference between the first counted value and the second counted value values obtained in the areas divided into m.

3. (Currently Amended) The information disk recording/reproducing device according to claim 1, wherein in each of the m angular divisions ~~areas divided into m~~, a difference between the first counted value and the second counted value at the first rotational speed and the counted value at each of the second, third, ... rotational speeds is expressed by the equation below:

$$DAT[1] \sim DAT[m] \quad (\text{Equation 1})$$

a vibration quantity at this point is approximated by the equation below:

$$\text{VIBRATION QUANTITY} = \frac{1}{4} \sum_{x=1}^m |DAT[x]| \quad (\text{Equation 2})$$

and a value proportionate to the vibration quantity is used as a vibration detection value.

4. (Currently Amended) The information disk recording/reproducing device according to claim 1, wherein in each of the m angular divisions ~~areas divided into m~~, a difference between the first counted value and the second counted value at the ~~first rotational speed and the counted value at each of the second, third, ... rotational speeds~~ is expressed by the equation below:

$$DAT[1] \sim DAT[m] \quad (\text{Equation 3})$$

a vibration quantity at this point is approximated by the equation below:

$$\text{VIBRATION QUANTITY} = \frac{1}{4} \sum_{x=1}^m |DAT[x]| \quad (\text{Equation 4})$$

a value proportionate to the vibration quantity is used as a vibration detection value, and the m angular divisions for one rotation, is determined within a permissible error range based on a maximum value of an error relative to an actual vibration quantity at this point, the maximum value being expressed by the equation below:

$$\text{ERROR} \leq 1 - \cos \frac{\pi}{m} \quad (\text{Equation 5})$$

5. (Currently Amended) The information disk recording/reproducing device according to claim 1, wherein in each of the m angular divisions ~~areas divided into m~~, a difference between the first counted value and the second counted value ~~at the first rotational speed and the counted value at each of the second, third, ... rotational speeds~~ is expressed by the equation below:

$$DAT[1] \sim DAT[m]$$

(Equation 6)

a vibration quantity at this point is approximated by the equation below:

$$\text{VIBRATION QUANTITY} = \frac{1}{4} \sum_{x=1}^m |DAT[x]| \quad (\text{Equation 7})$$

a value proportionate to the vibration quantity is used as a vibration detection value, and the m angular divisions for one rotation is set at 24 so that an error relative to an actual vibration quantity at this point has a maximum value of 1% or less.

6. (Currently Amended) A method for controlling a recording/reproducing speed of an information disk recording/reproducing device, in which recording or reproduction can be performed on an information disk having an information recording track formed like a spiral or a concentric circle, the device comprising a disk rotating unit for rotating the information disk, a reading unit for reading an information signal from the information disk, and a radius direction driving unit for driving the reading unit in a radius direction of the information disk, the method

comprising the steps of:

rotating ~~the~~ an information disk;

outputting rotational position information ~~for the information disk in each area provided~~ by dividing one rotation into m angular divisions (m is a natural number equal to or larger than 2);

reading an information signal from ~~the~~ an information disk;

driving the reading unit in the radius direction of ~~the~~ an information disk;

detecting a crossing of a track ~~cross caused by~~ crossing and generating a track cross signal based on a reproduction signal when the reading unit ~~traverses an~~ is traversed on the information recording track by the driving of the radius direction driving unit;

detecting a direction of ~~the~~ a track cross caused by ~~the~~ a crossing based on the reproduction signal when the reading unit ~~traverses an~~ is traversed on the information recording track by the driving of the radius direction driving unit;

counting pulses of a track cross signal, with a code indicating the track cross direction, to obtain a first counted value ~~in each of the areas provided~~ by dividing one rotation of the rotational position information into m angular divisions while rotating the disk rotating unit at a first speed and not operating ~~making~~ the radius direction driving unit ~~nonoperational~~;

counting pulses of the track cross signal, with the code indicating the track cross direction, to obtain a second, third, ... counted value ~~values in each of the areas provided~~ by

dividing one rotation of the rotational position information into m angular divisions while rotating the disk rotating unit at one or more ~~kinds of second, third, ...~~ speeds higher than ~~the a~~ first speed and not operating ~~making~~ the radius direction driving unit ~~nonoperational~~; and

~~comparing a difference between the first counted value and the second, third, ... counted values with a predetermined threshold value so as to determine a maximum rotational speed of the information disk while using, as a vibration detection value, a value proportionate to as a function of a sum of absolute values of a difference between the first counted value and the second counted value values obtained in the areas divided into m .~~

7. (Currently Amended) A method for controlling a recording/reproducing speed of an information disk recording/reproducing device, in which recording or reproduction can be performed on an information disk having an information recording track formed like a spiral or a concentric circle, the device comprising a disk rotating unit for rotating the information disk, a reading unit for reading an information signal from the information disk, and a radius direction driving unit for driving the reading unit in a radius direction of the information disk, the method comprising the steps of:

rotating ~~the an~~ information disk;

~~outputting rotational position information for the information disk in each of $m = n \cdot k$ areas provided by further~~ by dividing one rotation into m angular divisions and subdividing each

~~m angular division dividing into k subdivisions (k is a natural number equal to or larger than 1)~~
~~an area having been provided by dividing one rotation into m (m is a natural number equal to or~~
~~larger than 2);~~

reading an information signal from the ~~an~~ information disk;

driving the reading unit in the radius direction of the ~~an~~ information disk;

detecting ~~a crossing of a track cross caused by crossing~~ and generating a track cross signal based on a reproduction signal when the reading unit ~~traverses an~~ is traversed on the information recording track by the driving of the radius direction driving unit;

detecting a direction of the track cross caused by the crossing based on the reproduction signal when the reading unit ~~traverses an~~ is traversed on the information recording track by the driving of the radius direction driving unit;

counting pulses of the track cross signal, with a code indicating ~~a~~ the track cross direction, to obtain a first counted value ~~in each of the areas provided~~ by dividing one rotation of the rotational position information into m angular divisions while rotating the disk rotating unit at a first speed and not operating ~~making~~ the radius direction driving unit ~~nonoperational~~;

counting pulses of the track cross signal, with the code indicating ~~a~~ the track cross direction, to obtain ~~a second, third, ...~~ counted value ~~values~~ in each of the areas provided by dividing one rotation of the rotational position information into m angular divisions while rotating the disk rotating unit at one or more ~~kinds of~~ second, third, ... rotational speeds higher

than a the first rotational speed and not operating making the radius direction driving unit nonoperational; and

comparing a difference between the first counted value and the second, third, ... counted values with a predetermined threshold value so as to determine a maximum rotational speed of the information disk while using, as a vibration detection value, a value proportionate to as a function of a sum of absolute values of a difference between the first counted value and the second counted value values obtained in the areas divided into m.

8. (Currently Amended) The method for controlling a recording/reproducing speed of an information disk recording/reproducing device according claim 6, wherein in each of the m angular divisions areas divided into m, a difference between the first counted value and the second counted value at the first rotational speed and the counted value at each of the second, third, ... rotational speeds is expressed by the equation below:

$$DAT[1] \sim DAT[m]$$

(Equation 8)

a vibration quantity at this point is approximated by the equation below:

$$\text{VIBRATION QUANTITY} = \frac{1}{4} \sum_{x=1}^m |DAT[x]| \quad (\text{Equation 9})$$

and a value proportionate to the vibration quantity is used as a vibration detection value.

9.(Currently Amended) The method for controlling a recording/reproducing speed

of the information disk recording/reproducing device according claim 6 , wherein in each of the m angular divisions areas divided into m, a difference between the first counted value and the second counted value at the first rotational speed and the counted value at each of the second, third, ... rotational speeds is expressed by the equation below:

$$DAT[1] \sim DAT[m]$$

(Equation 10)

a vibration quantity at this point is approximated by the equation below:

$$\text{VIBRATION QUANTITY} = \frac{1}{4} \sum_{x=1}^m |DAT[x]| \quad (\text{Equation 11})$$

a value proportionate to the vibration quantity is used as a vibration detection value, and the m angular divisions for one rotation is determined within a permissible error range based on a maximum value of an error relative to an actual vibration quantity at this point, the maximum value being expressed by the equation below:

$$\text{ERROR} \leq 1 - \cos \frac{\pi}{m} \quad (\text{Equation 12})$$

10. (Currently Amended) The method for controlling a recording/reproducing speed of the information disk recording/reproducing device according to claim 6 , wherein in each of the m angular divisions areas divided into m, a difference between the first counted value and the second counted value at the first rotational speed and the counted value at each of the second, third, ... rotational speeds is expressed by the equation below:

DAT[1] ~ DAT[m]

(Equation 13)

a vibration quantity at this point is approximated by the equation below:

$$\text{VIBRATION QUANTITY} = \frac{1}{4} \sum_{x=1}^m |DAT[x]| \quad (\text{Equation 14})$$

a value proportionate to the vibration quantity is used as a vibration detection value, and the m angular divisions for one rotation is set at 24 so that an error relative to an actual vibration quantity at this point has a maximum value of 1% or less.